## THE CLAIMS

## What is claimed:

1	1. A mechanism for coupling a first fracture fixation implant to a second	
2	fracture fixation implant, comprising:	
3	a body member receivable in the first implant, the body member including a single	е
4	prong extending from the body member for contacting a surface of the second implant to	
5	substantially prevent rotation of the second implant with respect to the first implant; and	
6	a drive member for moving the body member toward the second implant.	
1	2. The mechanism of claim 1, wherein:	
2	the single prong defines a first engagement surface;	
3	the second implant defines a second engagement surface; and	
4	the first and second engagement surfaces interact to substantially prevent rotation	of
5	the second implant with respect to the first implant.	
1	3. The mechanism of claim 2, wherein the body member is located in a	
2	longitudinal channel in the first implant, and the single prong occupies a space defined	
3	between the channel and second engagement surface.	
1	4. The mechanism of claim 1, wherein the second implant defines a	
2	longitudinal axis, and the single prong limits sliding of the second implant with respect to	
3	the first implant along the longitudinal axis.	
1	5. The mechanism of claim 4, wherein the second implant defines an	
2	engagement surface having a first end and a second end longitudinally spaced from the fir	st
3	end, with stops formed adjacent at least one of the ends for contacting the single prong to	
4	limit sliding of the second implant along the longitudinal axis.	
1	6. The mechanism of claim 1, wherein the second implant extends through a	
2	bore in the first implant.	
1	7. The mechanism of claim 6, wherein the first implant defines a first	
2	longitudinal axis and the second implant defines a second longitudinal axis, and the bore	
3	orients the first longitudinal axis at a predetermined angle with respect to the second	
4	longitudinal axis.	

- 1 8. The mechanism of claim 7, wherein the predetermined angle substantially 2 matches the neck/shaft angle of a femur.
- 9. The mechanism of claim 1, wherein the body member includes a substantially cylindrical portion defining a longitudinal axis of the body member, and the single prong extends in a direction substantially parallel to the longitudinal axis.
- 1 10. The mechanism of claim 1, wherein the body member includes at least one 2 tab for engaging a corresponding groove on an inner surface of the first implant.
- 1 11. The mechanism of claim 10, wherein the at least one tab engages the groove 2 to substantially prevent rotation of the body member within the first implant.
- 1 12. The mechanism of claim 10, wherein the body member includes a 2 substantially cylindrical portion having a lower surface, and the at least one tab engages the 3 groove to maintain a space between the lower surface and the second implant.
- 1 13. The mechanism of claim 1, wherein the drive member is connected to the 2 body member.
- 1 14. The mechanism of claim 13, wherein the drive member is rotatable with 2 respect to the body member.
- 1 15. The mechanism of claim 1, wherein the drive member threadably engages 2 the first implant.
- 1 16. The mechanism of claim 1, wherein the drive member is receivable within 2 the first implant.
- 1 17. The mechanism of claim 1, further comprising an end cap attachable to the 2 first implant.
- 1 18. The mechanism of claim 17, wherein the end cap captivates the drive 2 member and the body member within the first implant.
- 1 19. The mechanism of claim 17, wherein a cannulation extends through the end 2 cap for receiving a guide wire.

- 1 20. The mechanism of claim 1, wherein a cannulation extends through the first 2 implant for receiving a guide wire.
- 1 21. The mechanism of claim 1, wherein a cannulation extends through the drive 2 member for receiving a guide wire.
- 1 22. The mechanism of claim 1, wherein a cannulation extends through the body 2 member for receiving a guide wire.
- 1 23. A mechanism for coupling a first fracture fixation implant to a second 2 fracture fixation implant, comprising:
- a body member receivable in the first implant, the body defining a longitudinal axis
  of the mechanism;
- a first prong extending from the body member for contacting a first surface of the second implant, the first prong defining a first prong length along the longitudinal axis;

7

8

9

- a second prong extending from the body member for contacting a second surface of the second implant, the second prong defining a second prong length along the longitudinal axis; and
- a drive member for pressing the body member toward the second implant;
  wherein the second prong length is substantially longer than the first prong length.
- 1 24. The mechanism of claim 23, wherein the first and second prongs are substantially parallel to one another.
- 1 25. The mechanism of claim 23, wherein the second prong length is substantially 2 zero.
- 1 26. The mechanism of claim 23, wherein at least one of the first and second 2 prongs contacts the second implant to substantially prevent rotation of the second implant 3 with respect to the first implant.
- The mechanism of claim 23, wherein the second implant defines a longitudinal axis, and at least one of the first and second prongs contacts the second implant to substantially limit sliding of the second implant along the longitudinal axis.
- 1 28. The mechanism of claim 23, wherein the second implant extends through a 2 bore in the first implant.

- 1 29. The mechanism of claim 28, wherein the first implant defines a first
- 2 longitudinal axis, the second implant defines a second longitudinal axis, the bore orients the
- 3 first longitudinal axis at a predetermined angle with respect to the second longitudinal axis,
- 4 and the predetermined angle substantially matches the neck/shaft angle of a femur.
- 1 30. The mechanism of claim 23, wherein the body member includes at least one tab for engaging a corresponding groove on an inner surface of the first implant.
- 1 31. The mechanism of claim 30, wherein the at least one tab engages the groove 2 to substantially prevent rotation of the body member within the first implant.
- 1 32. The mechanism of claim 30, wherein the body member includes a 2 substantially cylindrical portion having a lower surface, and the at least one tab engages the 3 groove to maintain a space between the lower surface and the second implant.
- 1 33. The mechanism of claim 30, further comprising an end cap attachable to the first implant.
- 1 34. The mechanism of claim 33, wherein the end cap captivates the drive 2 member and the body member within the first implant.